

Stored XSS in listar_despachos.php

Moderate nilsonLazarin published **GHSA-mccp-8446-phw5** last week

Package

No package listed

Affected versions

<= 3.6.9

Patched versions

3.6.10

Description

Summary

A Stored Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) vulnerability allows an authenticated user to inject malicious JavaScript via the “Destinatário” field. The payload is stored and later executed when viewing the dispatch page, impacting other users.

Details

The application fails to properly sanitize or escape the “Destinatário” field, which is populated with user-controlled data (nome do usuário). When a despacho is created using a maliciously crafted name containing HTML/JavaScript, this value is stored in the system.

During the rendering of the dispatch listing page, the application inserts this data into the DOM using `.html()`, causing the browser to interpret and execute the injected code.

This results in a Stored XSS vulnerability due to improper output encoding of user-controlled data.

PoC

1. Alter the name of a user (or create one) with the following payload: `<h1> <script>alert(1); </script></h1>`
2. Create a despacho selecting this user as “Destinatário”
3. Access the page that lists or displays the despacho
4. Observe that the payload is executed in the browser

The screenshot shows the WeGIA Web Gerenciador Institucional interface. The main content area displays the 'Conteúdo do despacho:' section with the following details:

Remetente	admin	Destinatario	<h1> <script>alert(1); </script></h1>
Despacho	teste	Data	30/03/2026 00:22:18

Below the details, the 'Encaminhar despacho' section shows the 'Destino' dropdown menu with the payload '<h1> <script>alert(1); </script></h1> qq' selected. The 'Arquivo' section shows a 'Browse...' button and 'No files selected.'

A modal dialog box is displayed at the bottom, showing the URL 'sec.wegia.org:8000' and an 'OK' button.

Impact

This is a Stored XSS vulnerability affecting any user who accesses the despacho page.

An attacker can:

- Execute arbitrary JavaScript in victims' browsers
- Steal session data
- Perform actions on behalf of other users
- Potentially compromise privileged accounts

The impact is higher if administrators or privileged users access the affected page.

Remediation

The error occurs on this snippet:

```
.append($"<td colspan=4 id=texto" + item.id + ">") .html(item.texto);
```

The correct way is to avoid interpreting HTML by using `.text(item.text)`, which inserts the content as plain text and prevents script execution. If it is necessary to allow HTML, the content must be sanitized beforehand with an appropriate library, such as `DOMPurify`, before being inserted with `.html()`.

Credits

Thiago Escarrone

Severity

Moderate 6.8 / 10

CVSS v3 base metrics

Attack vector	Network
Attack complexity	Low
Privileges required	High
User interaction	None
Scope	Changed
Confidentiality	High
Integrity	None
Availability	None

[Learn more about base metrics](#)

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:H/UI:N/S:C/C:H/I:N/A:N

CVE ID

CVE-2026-40284

Weaknesses

► CWE-79

Credits



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Reporter



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Remediation developer